Flow battery and Lithiumion safety and deployment



As renewable energy grows, long-duration, safe and reliable storage is critical. While lithium-ion (Li-ion) dominates the market, its fire risks have led to growing concerns. Flow batteries offer a safer and vertically scalable alternative, with major advantages for urban and critical infrastructure projects, and a significantly smaller footprint.

	Li-ion 🗐	Flow batteries
Safety profile	Risk of thermal runaway • fires and toxic gas release, difficult to extinguish, requiring spacing, fire suppression, and cooling.	Use non-flammable water-based electrolyte → no fire risk, no toxic gas, safe across -40°C to 80°C.
Deploy	Limited siting flexibility; fire safety concerns restrict use in urban areas and buildings. Scaling up capacity means increasing number of containers, raising costs and increasing areal footprint.	Can be freely deployed indoors, in basements, or dense urban areas, and in extreme environments. Outdoor deployment requires minimal space. Higher areal energy density and easy scale up, minimising land use, maximising deployment opportunity.
Safety require ments	International standards (IEC) generally require at least 6 meters spacing between containers due to fire risks , and 30 meters spacing from buildings.	Safety requirements do not restrict spacing or deployment and rather focus only on chemical hazards and mechanical safety.

→ Advantages of flow batteries:

- Non-flammable → **no fire risk**
- Operate safely across in extreme heat & cold with no performance loss
- Can be deployed inside buildings and cities
- Long life (20+ years) with no performance fade, high cyclability
- Scalability allows for increased power and energy within smaller footprint



